

Worksheet 1: Earth

Paragraph:

Earth is the third planet from the sun. It is the only planet known to support life. Around 70% of Earth's surface is covered with water. The rest is made up of land, including continents, mountains, deserts, and forests. Earth has an atmosphere made of gases like oxygen and nitrogen, which help living things survive.

Questions:

1. Which planet is Earth from the sun?

2. What percentage of Earth is covered by water?

3. Name two gases found in Earth's atmosphere.

4. Why is Earth special compared to other planets?

5. Write a synonym for the word "surface".

Worksheet 2: The San and the Khoi

Paragraph:

The San and the Khoi were the first people to live in southern Africa. The San were hunters and gatherers, using bows and arrows to hunt animals. The Khoi, also called Khoikhoi, were herders who kept sheep and cattle. They moved from place to place in search of water and grazing land. These groups lived in small communities and respected nature.

Questions:

1. What did the San do to get food?

2. What animals did the Khoi keep?

3. Why did the Khoi move from place to place?

4. What is another name for the Khoi?

5. What can we learn about the San and Khoi's attitude toward nature?

Worksheet 3: Early African Farmers

Paragraph:

Early African farmers lived in southern Africa about 2,000 years ago. They grew crops like millet and sorghum and kept animals such as cattle, goats, and sheep. These farmers used iron tools, which made farming easier. They lived in villages and traded goods like pottery and iron with other communities.

Questions:

1. What crops did early African farmers grow?

2. Name two animals they kept.

3. What tools did they use, and why were they useful?

4. What types of goods did they trade?

5. Would you say their communities were self-sufficient? Why or why not?

Worksheet 4: Metals and Non-metals

Paragraph:

Metals are materials that are usually hard, shiny, and good at conducting heat and electricity. Examples of metals are iron, copper, and gold. Non-metals are different: they are often dull, brittle, and poor conductors. Examples include carbon, oxygen, and sulfur. Both metals and non-metals are important for making everyday items like tools, wires, medicines, and fuels.

Questions:

1. List two properties of metals.

2. Give two examples of non-metals.

3. What are metals good at conducting?

4. How are non-metals different from metals?

5. Name two everyday items made using metals or non-metals.
